FINAL EXAM, ALGEBRA III, TOTAL MARKS: 50

- (1) (10 marks) Let $R := \{a = (a_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} | a_n \in \mathbb{R} \text{ for all } n \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and there exists } n_0 \in \mathbb{N} \text{ (depending on } a) \text{ such that } a_{n_0} = a_{n_0+k} \text{ for all } k \in \mathbb{N} \}$ be the set of sequences of real numbers which are eventually constant. R is a ring with addition and multiplication defined componentwise, that is, $a + b = (a_n + b_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ and $ab = (a_n b_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$. Describe the set Max(R) of all maximal ideals of R.
- (2) (15 = 8+7 marks) Let $\omega = e^{2i\pi/3} = \frac{-1+i\sqrt{3}}{2}$, let $R = \mathbb{Z}[\omega]$. Let p be a positive prime integer which is not equal to 3.
 - (a) Prove that R is an Euclidean domain, and find all the units of R.
 - (b) Prove that the ideal pR is a maximal ideal of R, if and only if, $p \equiv -1$ (modulo 3).
- (3) (7 marks) Find a direct sum of cyclic groups isomorphic to the abelian group presented by the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 12 & 12 \\ 8 & 4 & 16 \\ 16 & 16 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Write the invariant factors and the elementary divisors of the group.

(4) $(10 = 5 \times 2 \text{ marks})$ Consider the real 3×3 matrix A

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \\ -3 & -3 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Compute the characteristic polynomial of A.
- (b) Compute the minimal polynomial of A.
- (c) Find the rational canonical form of A.
- (d) Find the Jordan canonical form of A.
- (e) What are the invariant factors and elementary divisors of A?
- (5) (8=5+3 marks) Prove that if A, B are two 3×3 matrices over a field F, then A and B are similar, if and only if, they have the same characteristic and minimal polynomial. Give an example to show that this is false for 4×4 matrices.